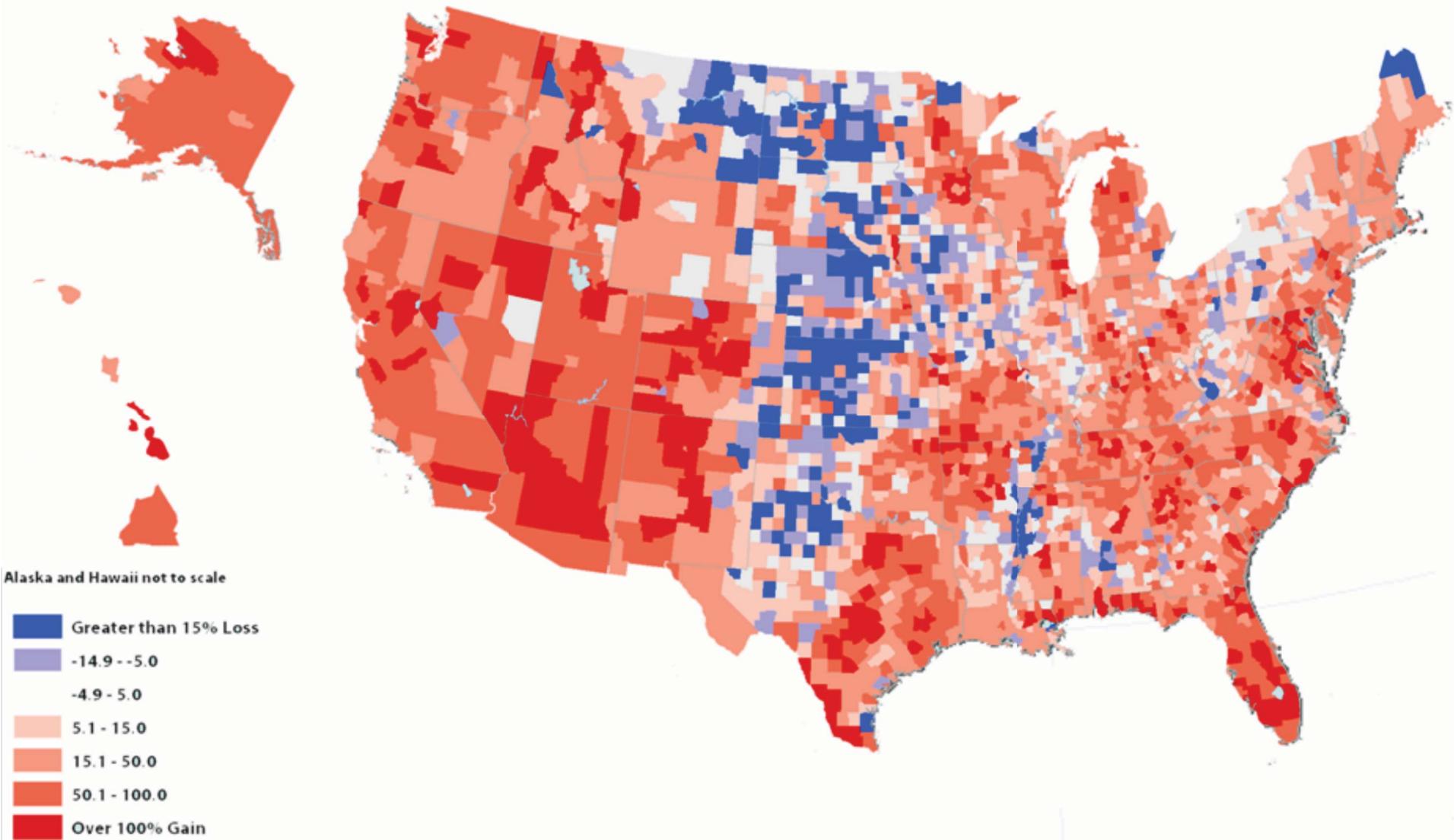
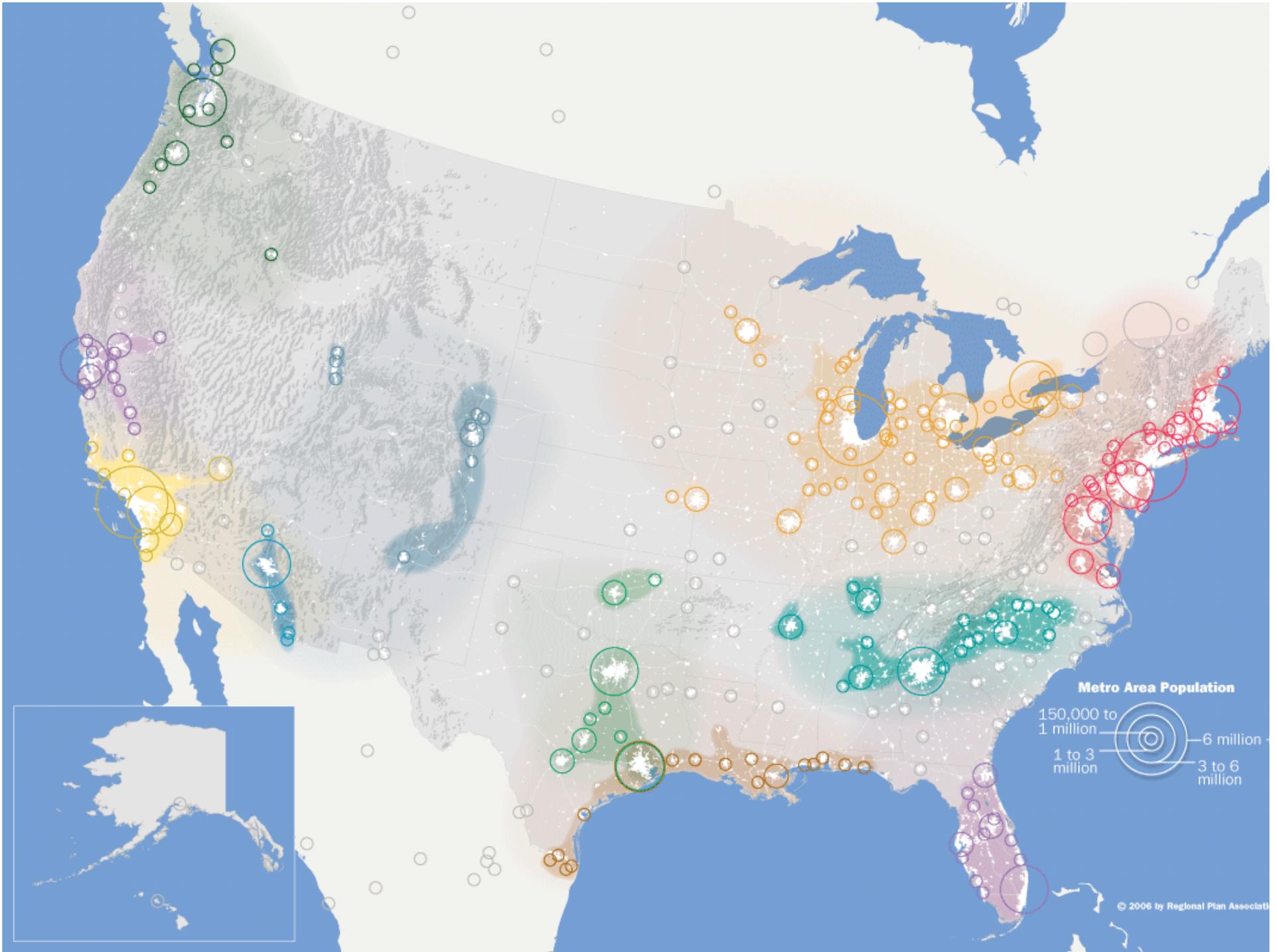


Infrastructure and Housing: Finding Places to Grow in the Northeast Megaregion

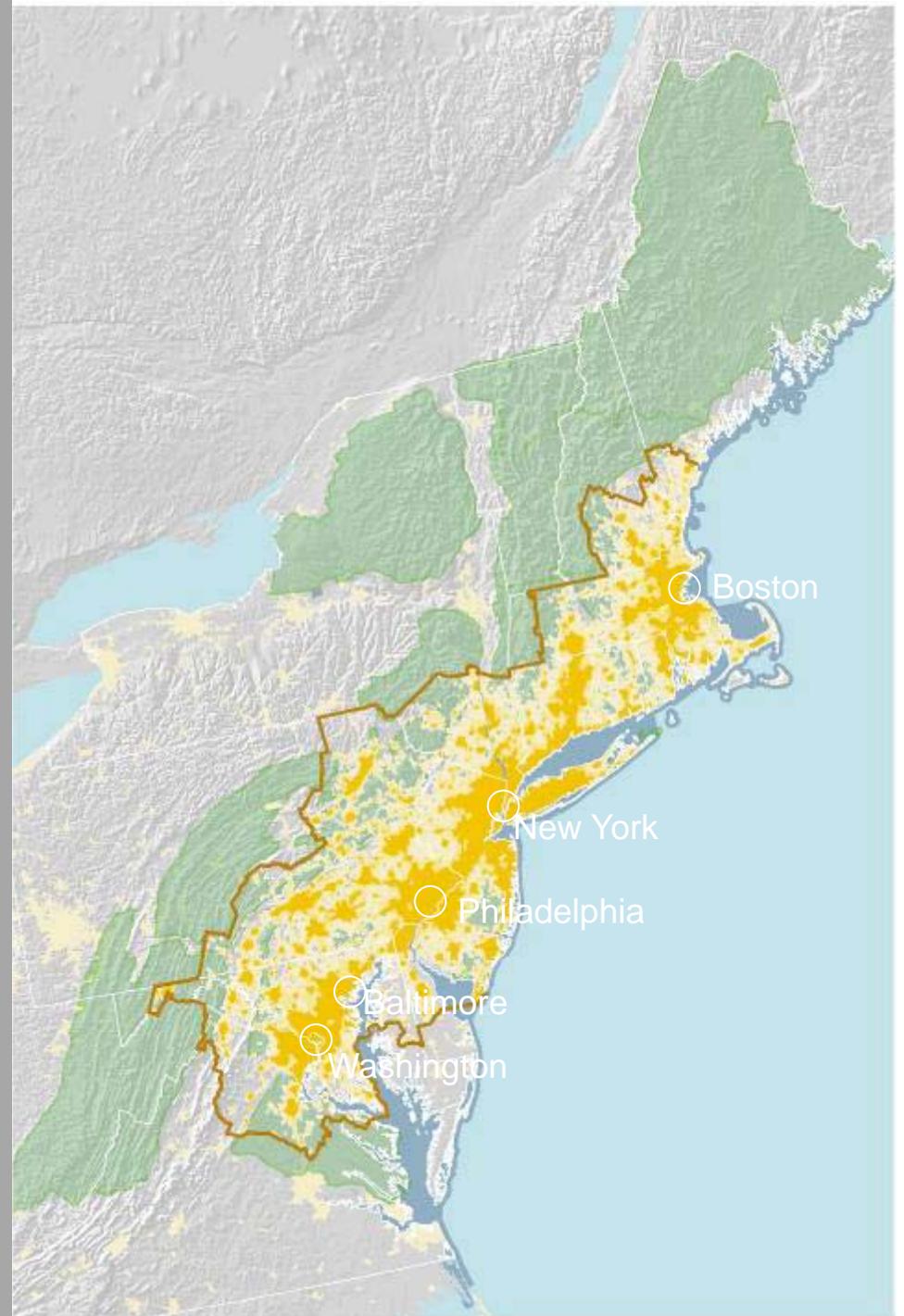
Thomas Wright
Executive Director
Regional Plan Association



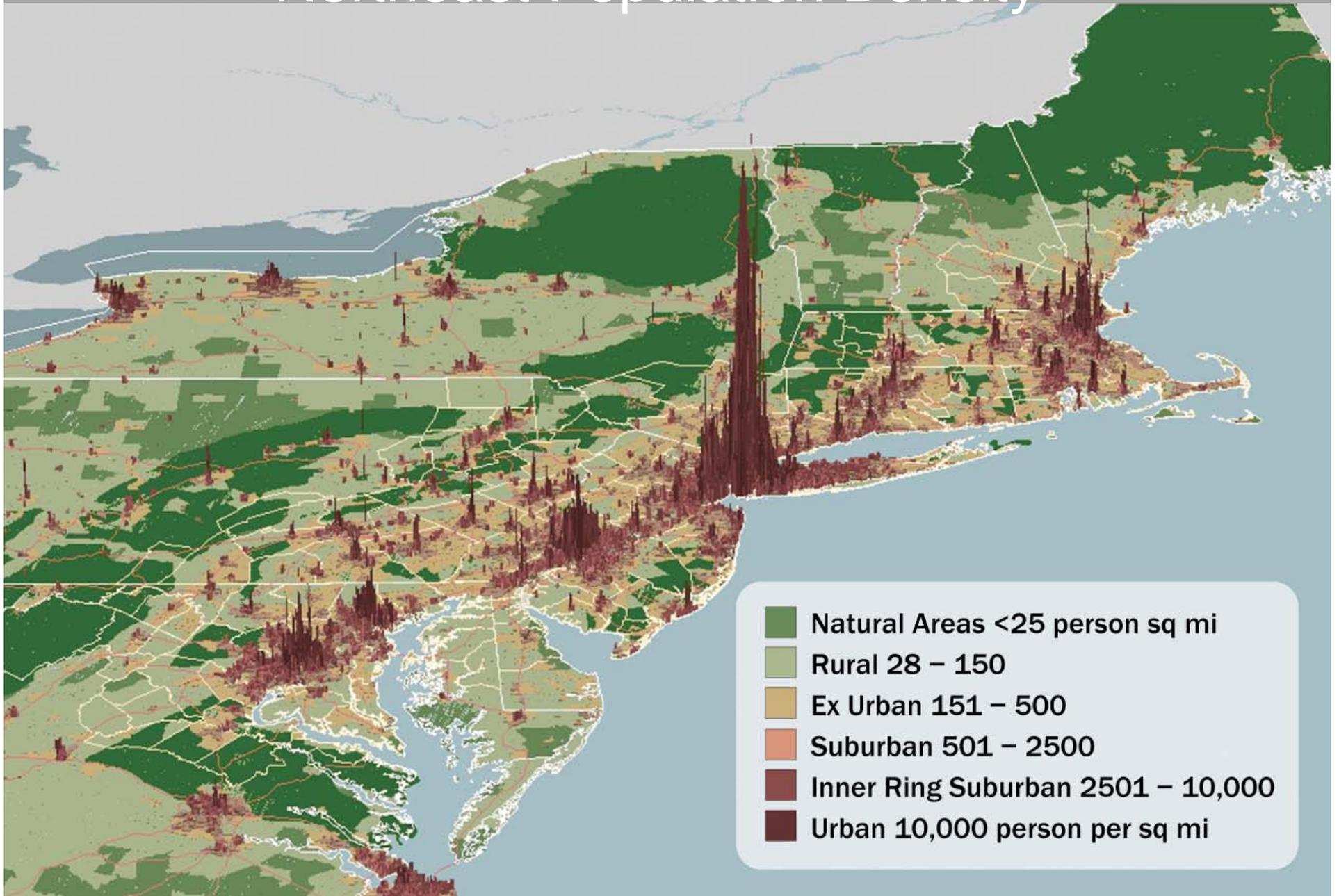


Megalopolis

- 49 million inhabitants
- 17% of U.S. population on 2% of the land area
- 20% of U.S. GDP
- Will add 19 million additional people by 2050



Northeast Population Density

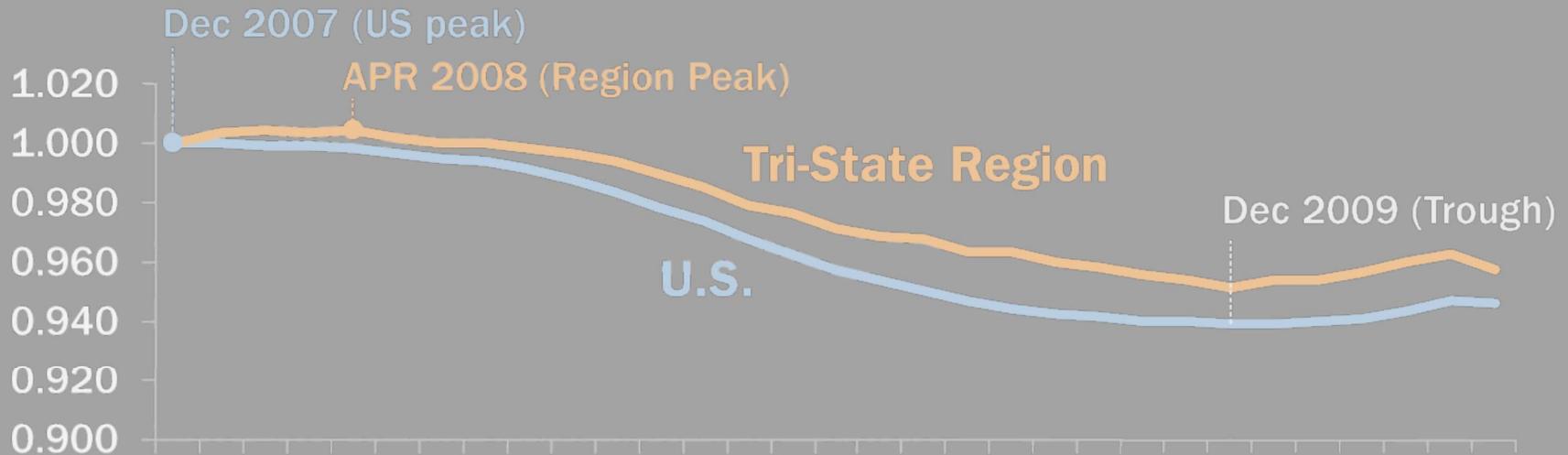


Height of columns is proportional to density by census tract, Census 2000

Region's recession has been shallower and shorter than the nation's

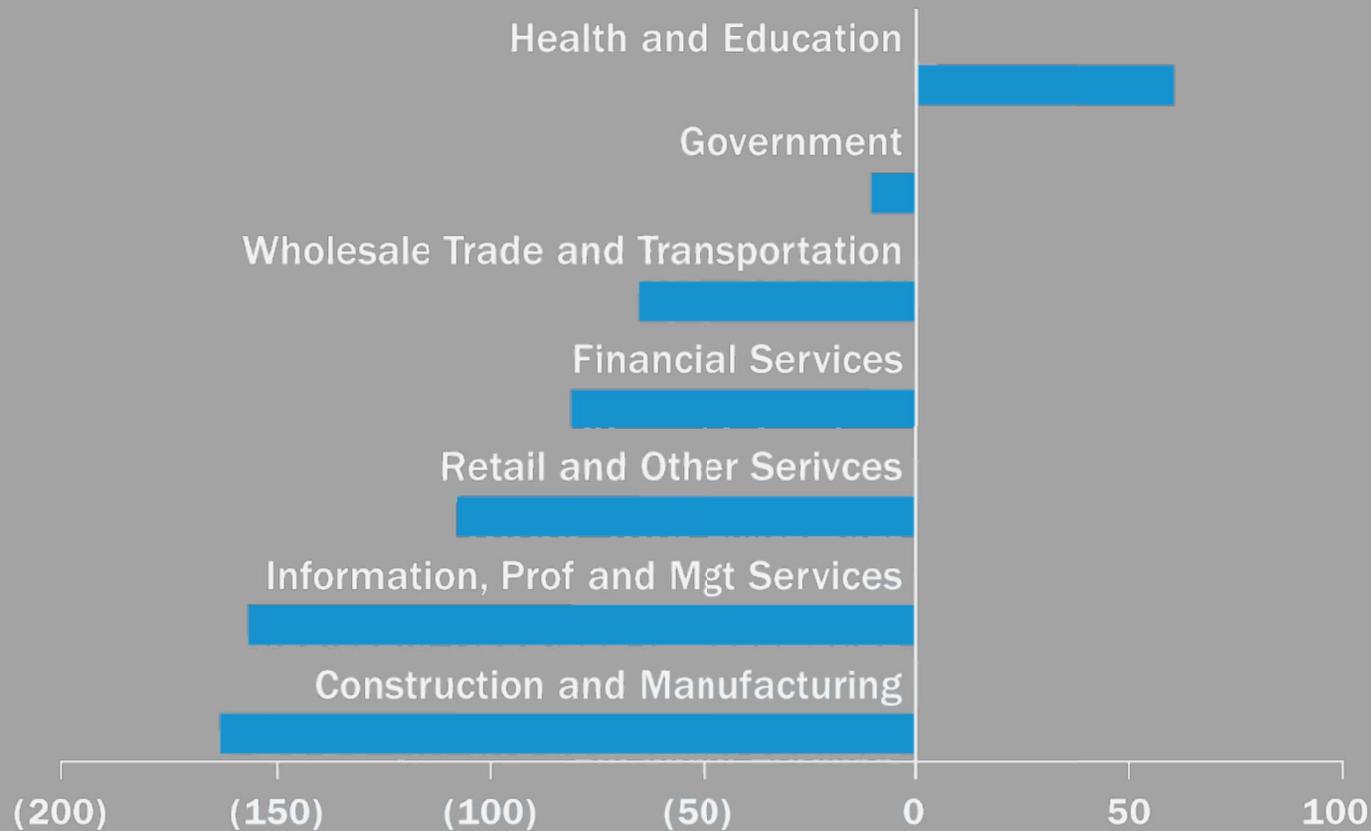
Employment Index, U.S. and Region

Dec 2007 - June 2010



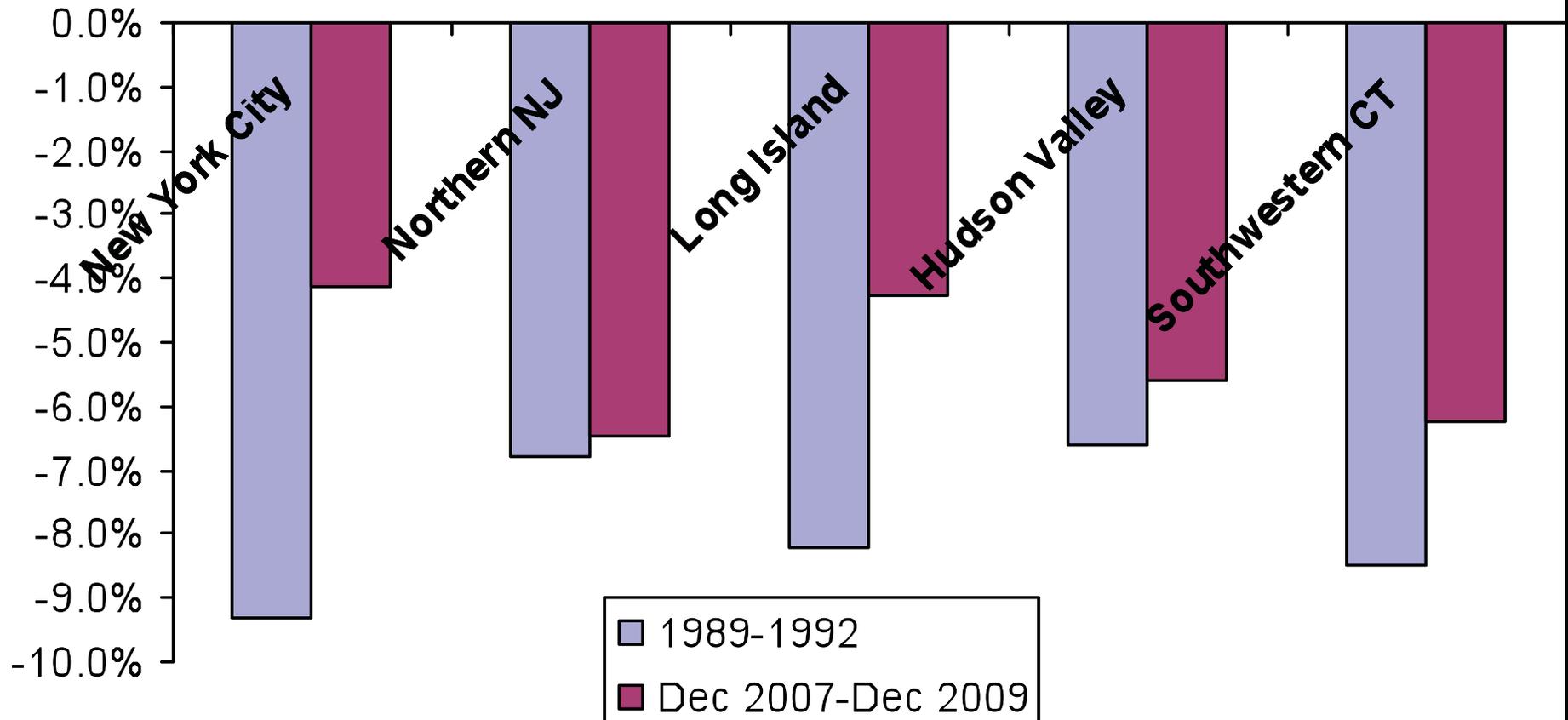
Job Losses Were Broad-based, Financial Services Fared Better Than Expected

Employment Change, Tri-State Region
Dec 2007 – Dec 2009 (in thousands)



The region is emerging in much better shape than it did from the deep recession of the early 1990s...

Percent Employment Change, 1989-1992 vs 2007-2009

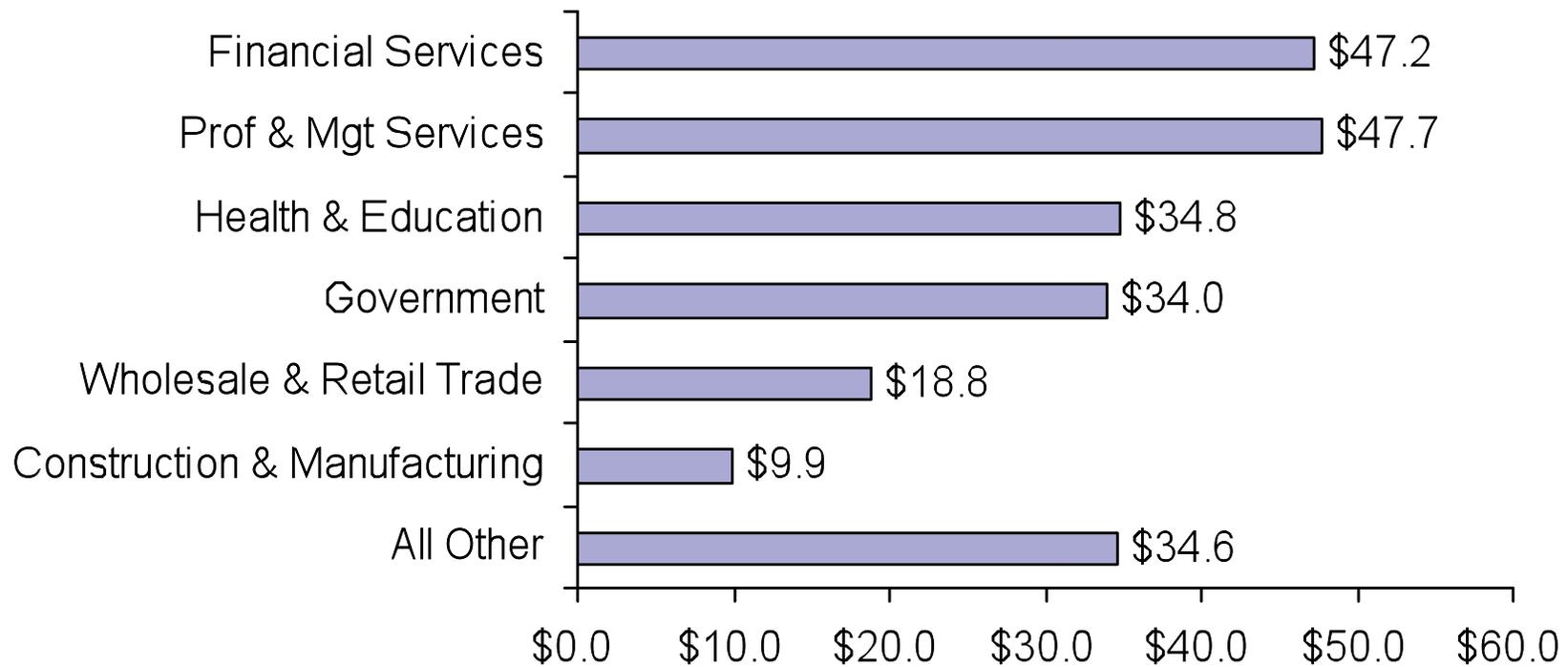


...but national and global environments are far riskier

- Potential for extended period of slow growth and high unemployment following the financial crisis
- Large amount of public and private debt
- Financial services restructuring in response to crisis and regulatory changes
- Expected shift from consumption to investment
- Changing global trading patterns provide both risks and opportunities

Financial services are the primary, but not the only, economic engine

Change in Earnings, 2001-2008, Tri-State Region
(in billions)

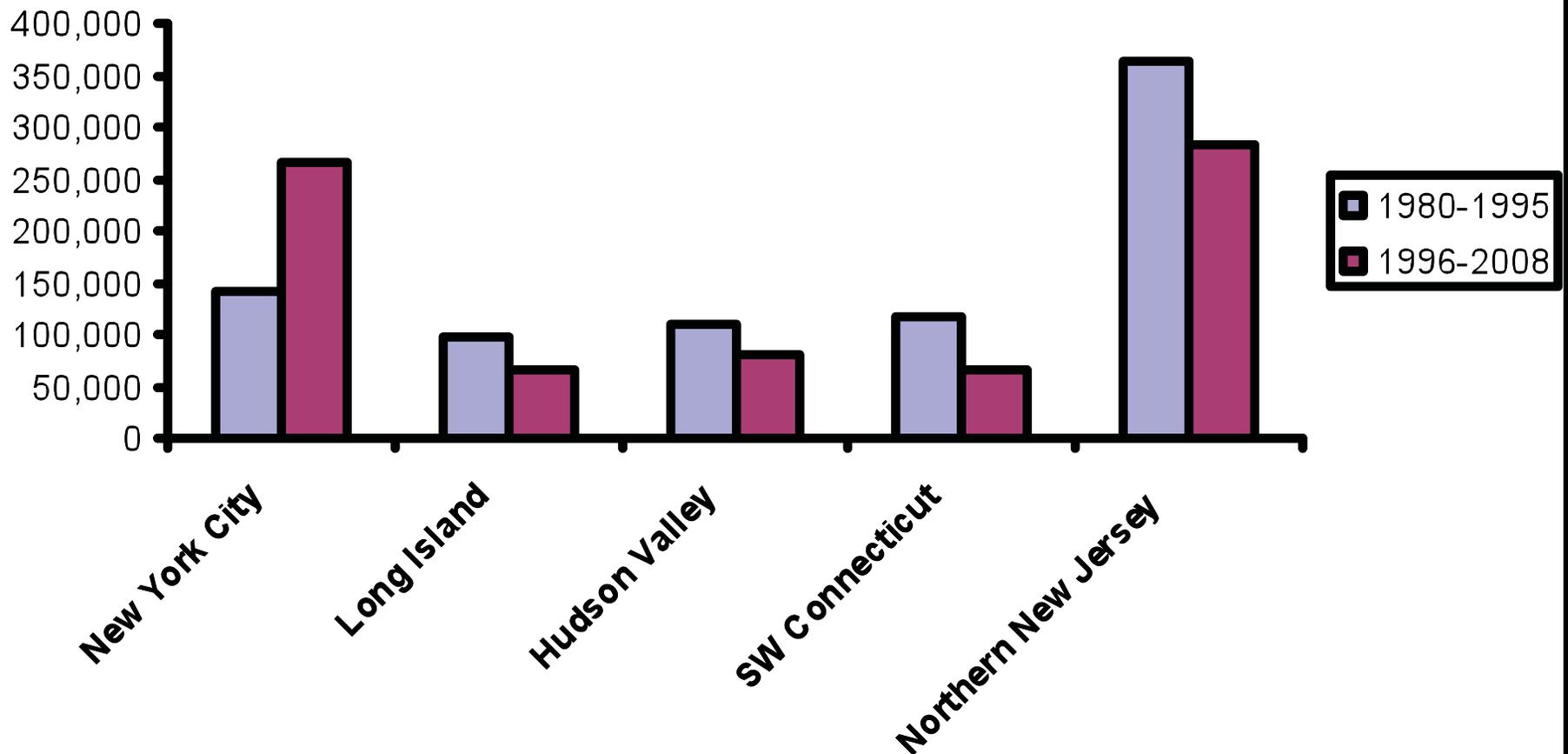


Region's strengths likely to be more of an advantage in the future

- Dense agglomeration of high-value services
- Educated and creative workforce
- Transit-orientation
- Energy efficiency
- Global connections

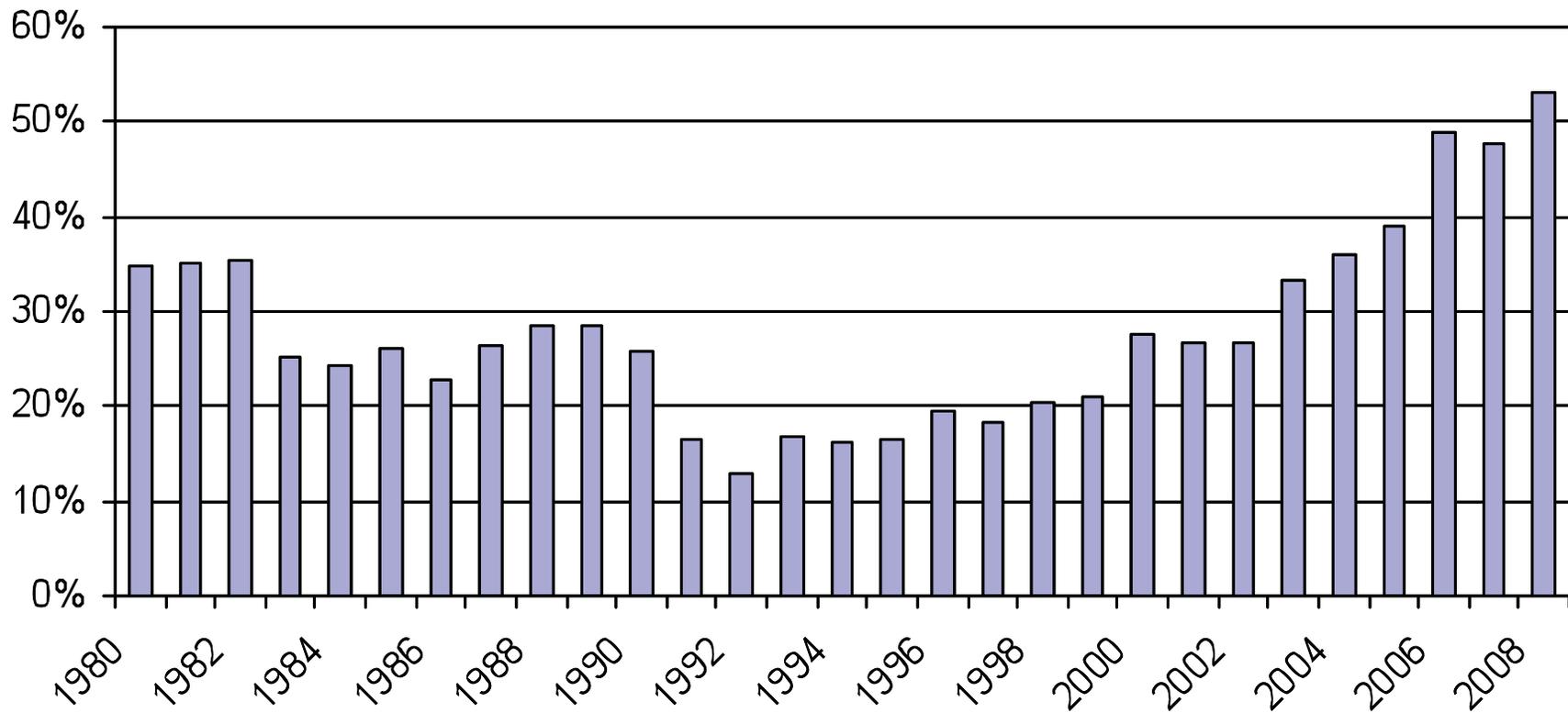
Since mid-1990s, New York City doubled its housing production while suburban areas have declined

New housing permits, 1980-2008



While multi-family construction is now over 50% of construction outside of New York City

Multi-family units as a share of new housing units in areas outside of NYC



Highway and Freight Infrastructure

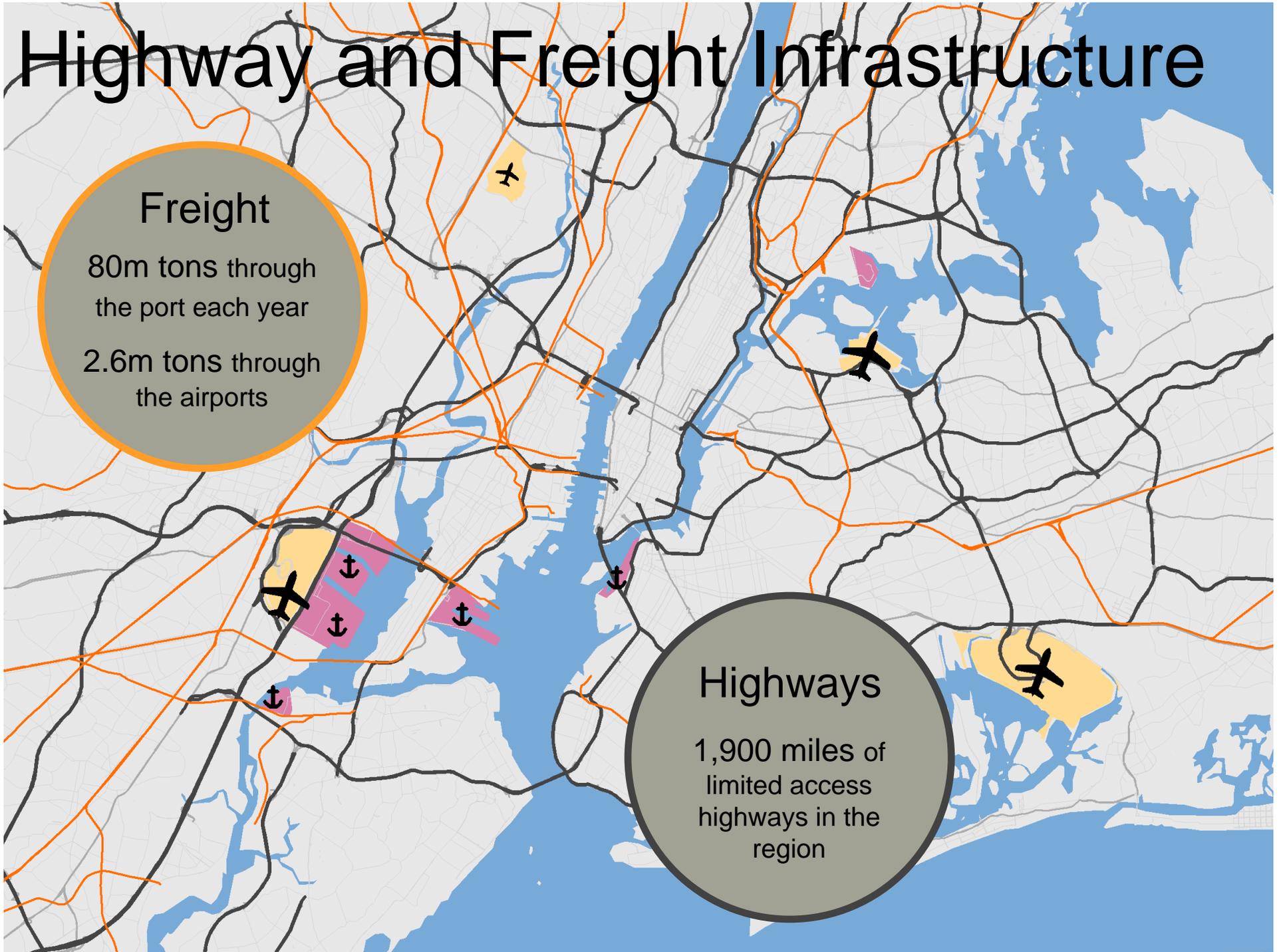
Freight

80m tons through
the port each year

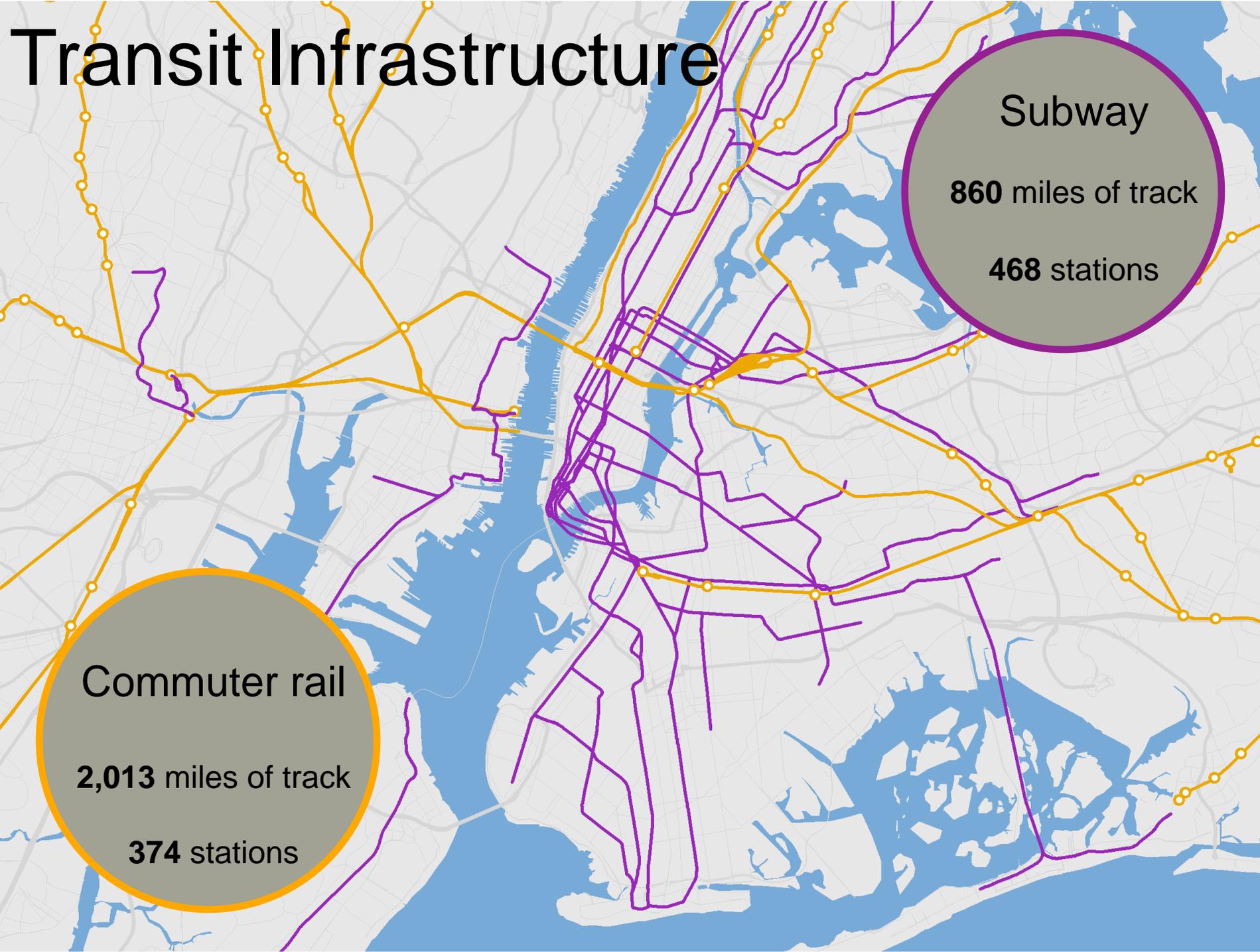
2.6m tons through
the airports

Highways

1,900 miles of
limited access
highways in the
region



Transit Infrastructure

A map of the New York City area showing transit infrastructure. The map features a network of lines in purple and yellow, representing subway and commuter rail respectively. The Hudson River is shown in blue, running north-south through the center. The map background is a light gray grid with blue water bodies. Two circular callouts provide statistics for each mode of transit.

Subway

860 miles of track

468 stations

Commuter rail

2,013 miles of track

374 stations

Transit Improvements

How will the region accommodate 3,288,000 additional transit and auto trips by 2030?

Access to the Region's Core

2x capacity increase

1-seat ride to Manhattan

East Side Access

150,000 riders save 45 min/day

60% increase in capacity

Second Ave Subway

Benefits 500,000 commuters upon full completion

Transit Improvements

How will the region accommodate 3,288,000 additional transit and auto trips by 2030?

East Side Access

150,000 riders save 45 min/day

60% increase in capacity

~~Access to the
Regional Core~~

~~2x ...~~

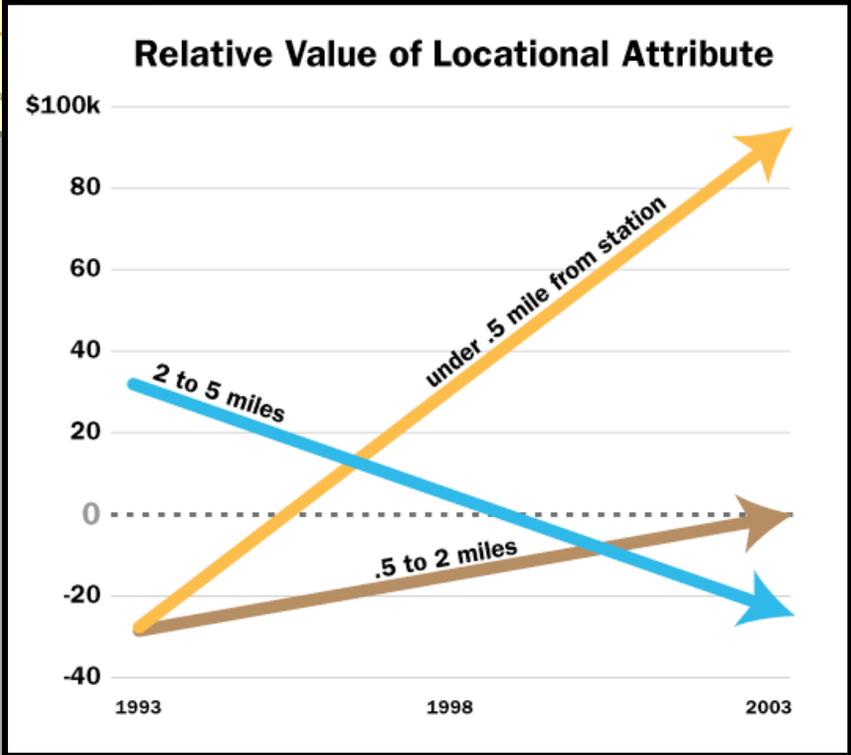
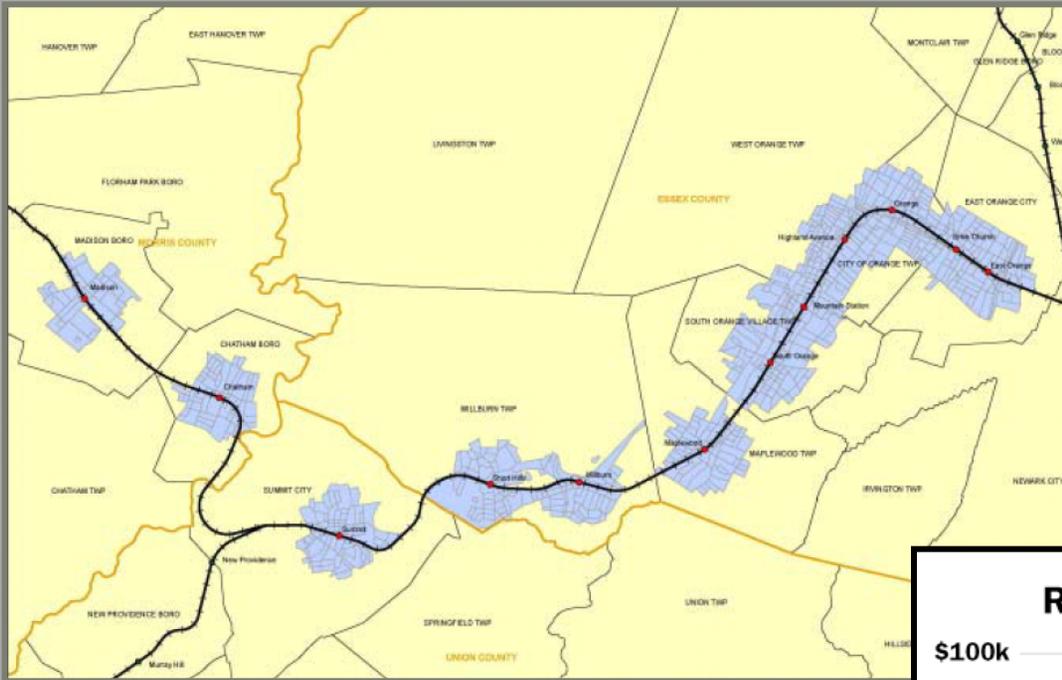
~~reas~~

~~seat ride~~

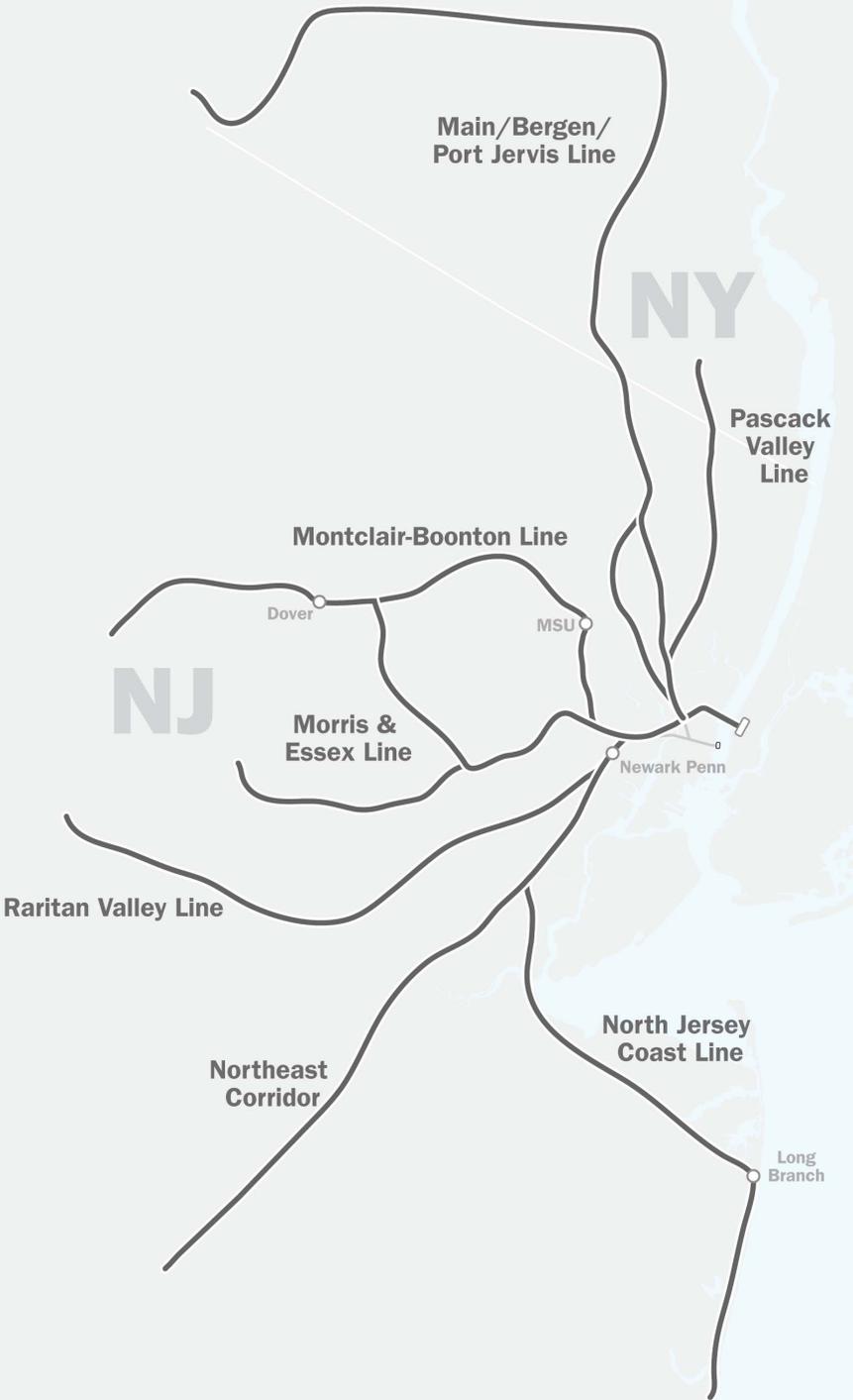
~~Manhattan~~

Second Ave Subway

Benefits 500,000 commuters upon full completion



Current system



New one-seat ride on some lines – time savings up to 17 minutes

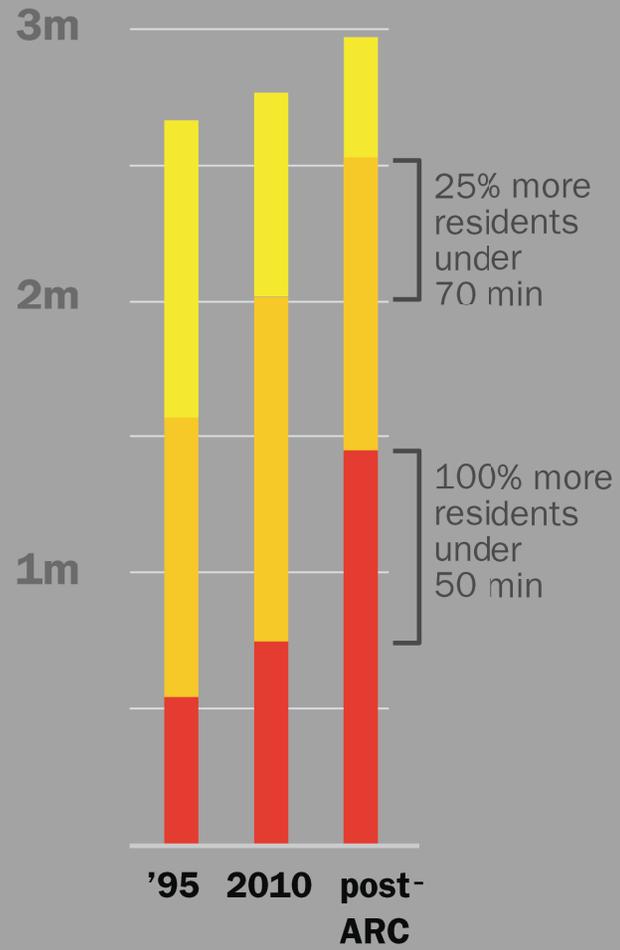


Increased frequency on other lines – time savings up to 8 minutes



Minute-equivalents
to Midtown Manhattan

- 71-90
- 51-70
- < 50



53,300 sales

- within 2 miles of stations
- sold between 3.5 before and 5.5 years after the improvement
- recorded in the Multiple Listing Service

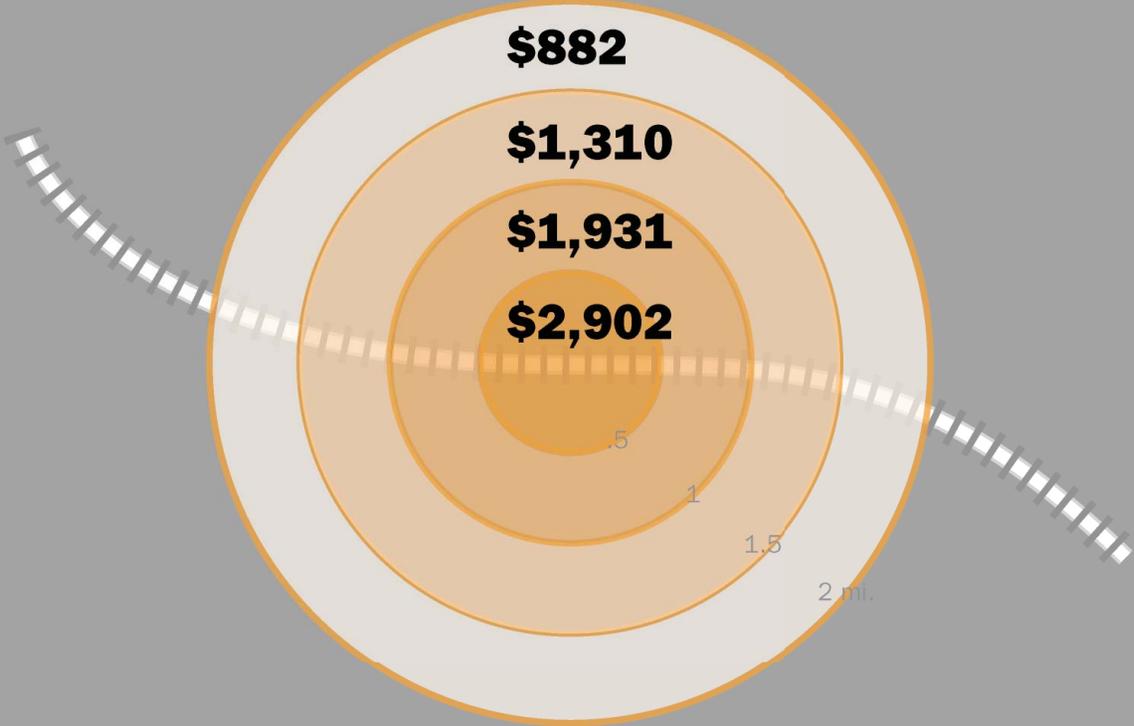
Dependent variable

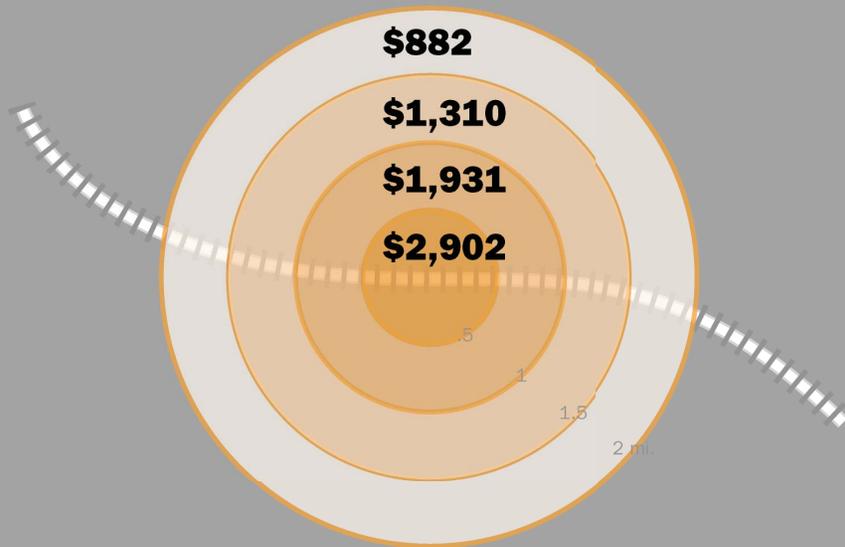
sale price, in 2008 dollars

Independent variables

- number of bedrooms
- number of full bathrooms
- number of fireplaces
- garage capacity
- whether the home was of a desirable architectural style (Victorian, Colonial or Tudor)
- quality of the school district
- distance from train station (by road)
- density of station area
- availability of good bus service
- Improvement
- economic control variables
- **trip time reduction to Midtown Manhattan**
(including actual travel time, a penalty for transfers, plus a wait time estimate based on frequency)

Every minute saved on morning commutes increased home values by almost \$2,000





x per-station trip time savings

x number of homes

Home values

Average increase ► \$19,000

within a half-mile ► \$29,000

Cumulative increase ► \$18 million

Property tax revenue

Cumulative increase ► \$375,000 / year

+ new jobs

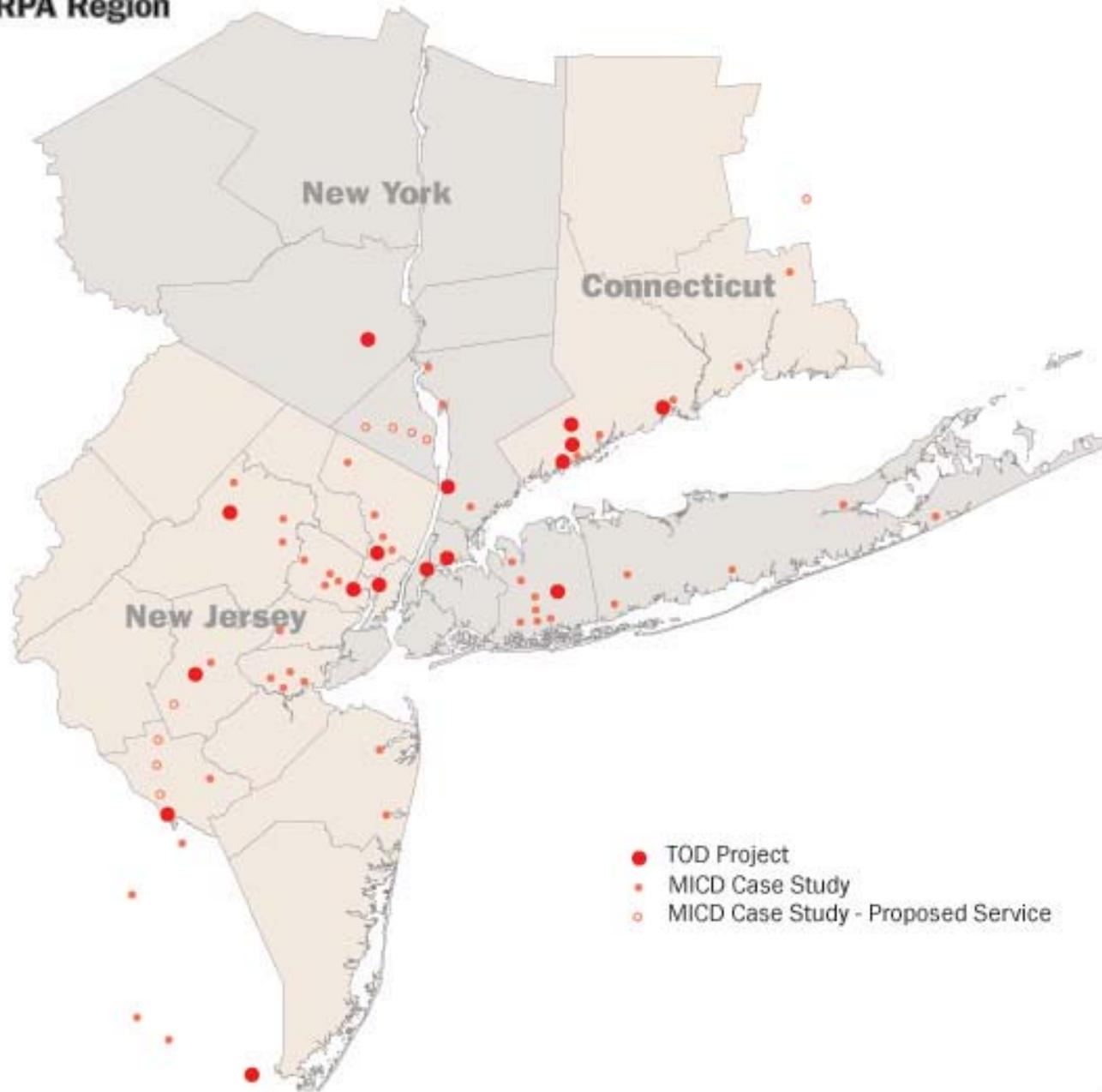
+ higher personal incomes

+ more sales tax revenues

+ higher commercial property values

+ reductions in driving, congestion & air pollution

RPA Region



Somerville, NJ



Somerville, NJ

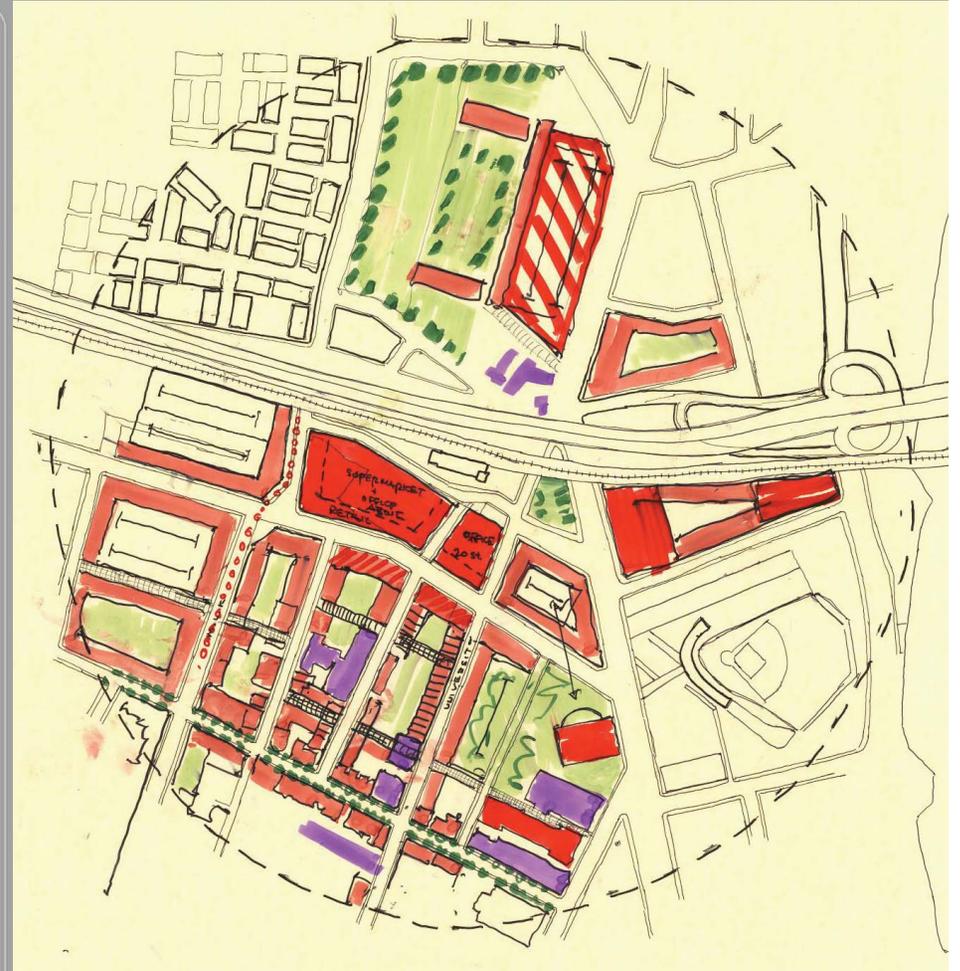


Newark, NJ

Newark

October 2006

Draft Vision Plan



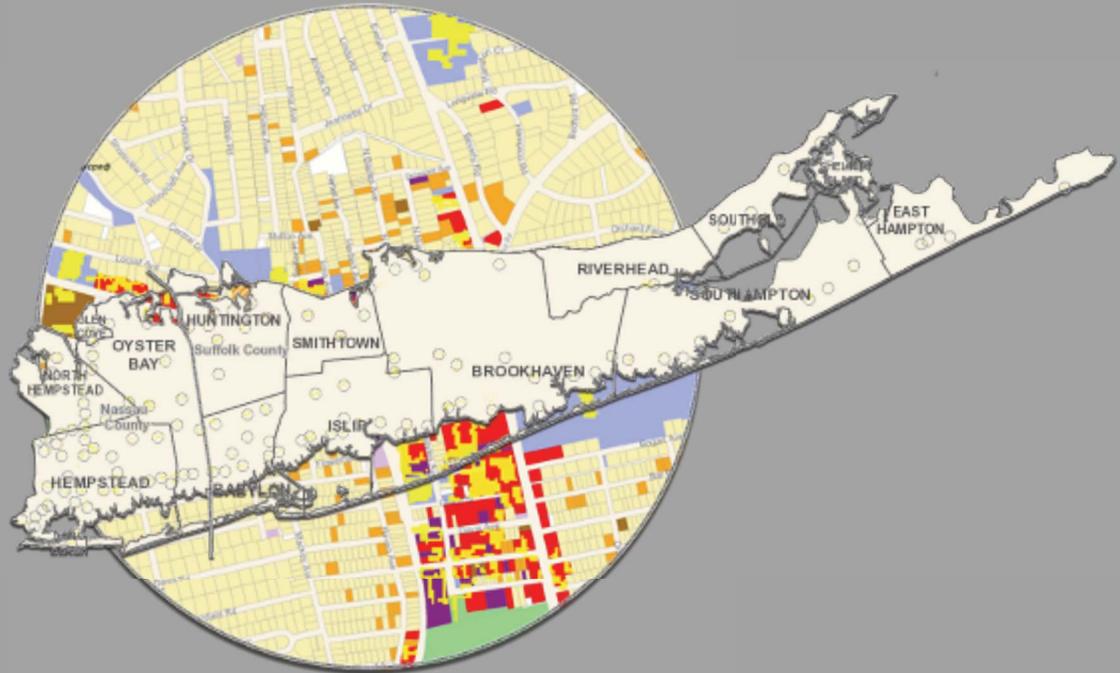
156

Locations documented





Identified critical
transportation
infrastructure
of
the region



8,300

Acres of parking, vacant land or open space



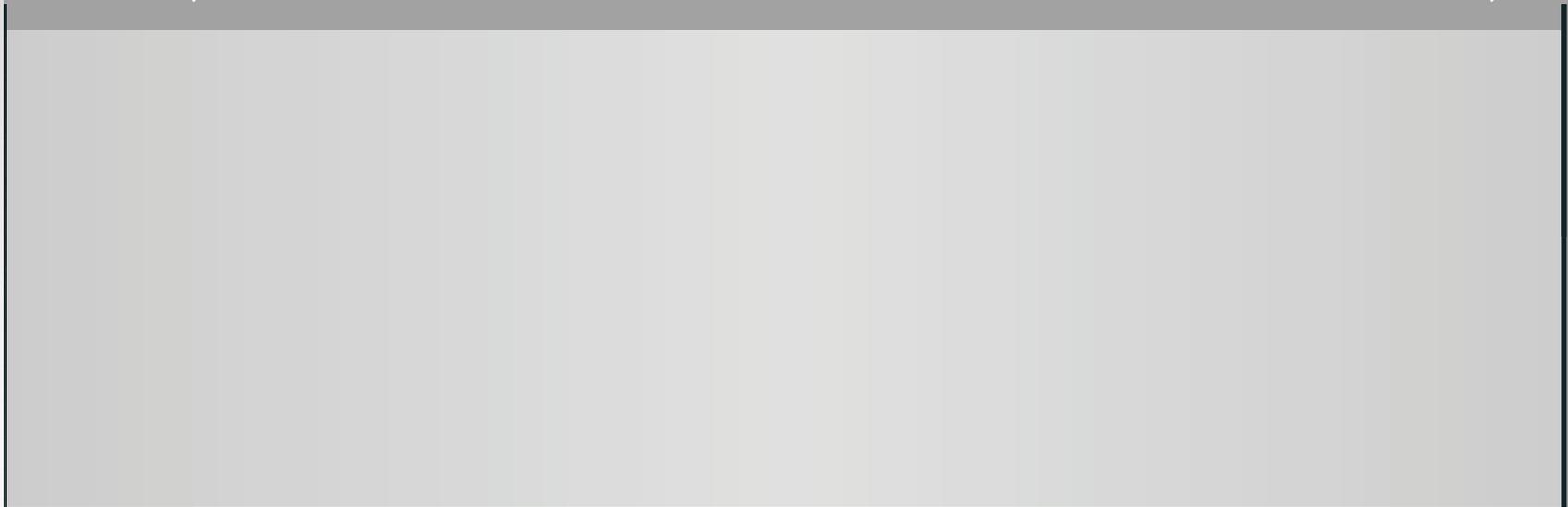
Downtown Total Area

In acres

8,300

75,000

11%



Downtown Total Area

In acres

52%

Surface
Parking

8,300

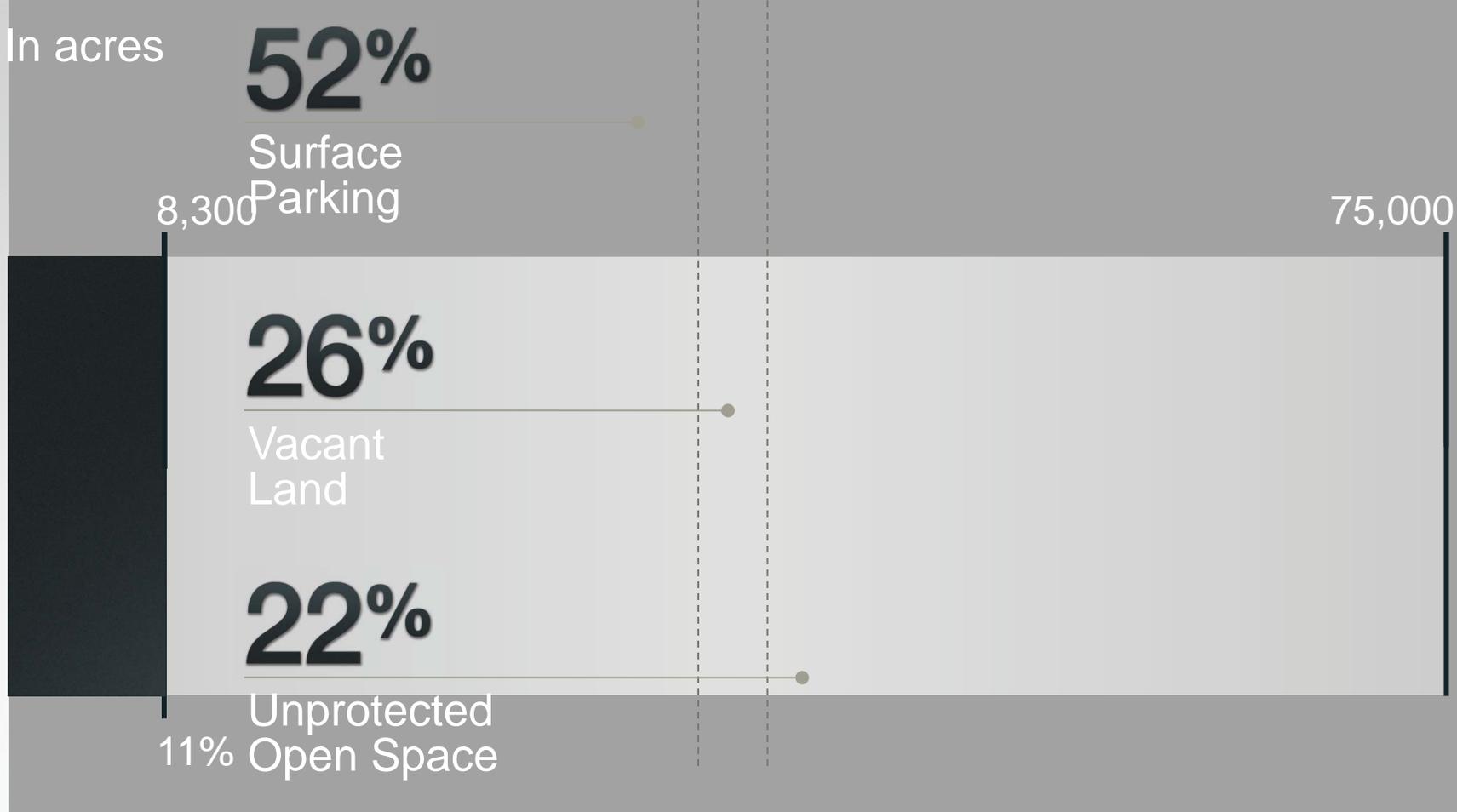
75,000

26%

Vacant
Land

22%

Unprotected
11% Open Space



8,300

52%

Surface
Parking

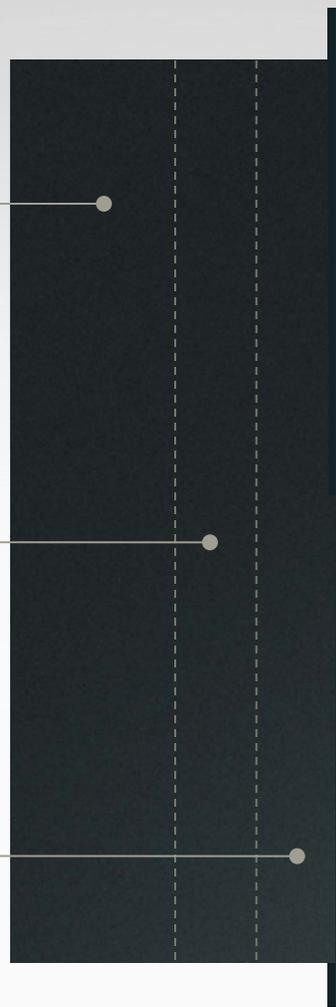
26%

Vacant
Land

22%

Uprotected
Open Space

11%





13sq. Miles

Manhattan area below 50th st.

Mid-rise
Apartments

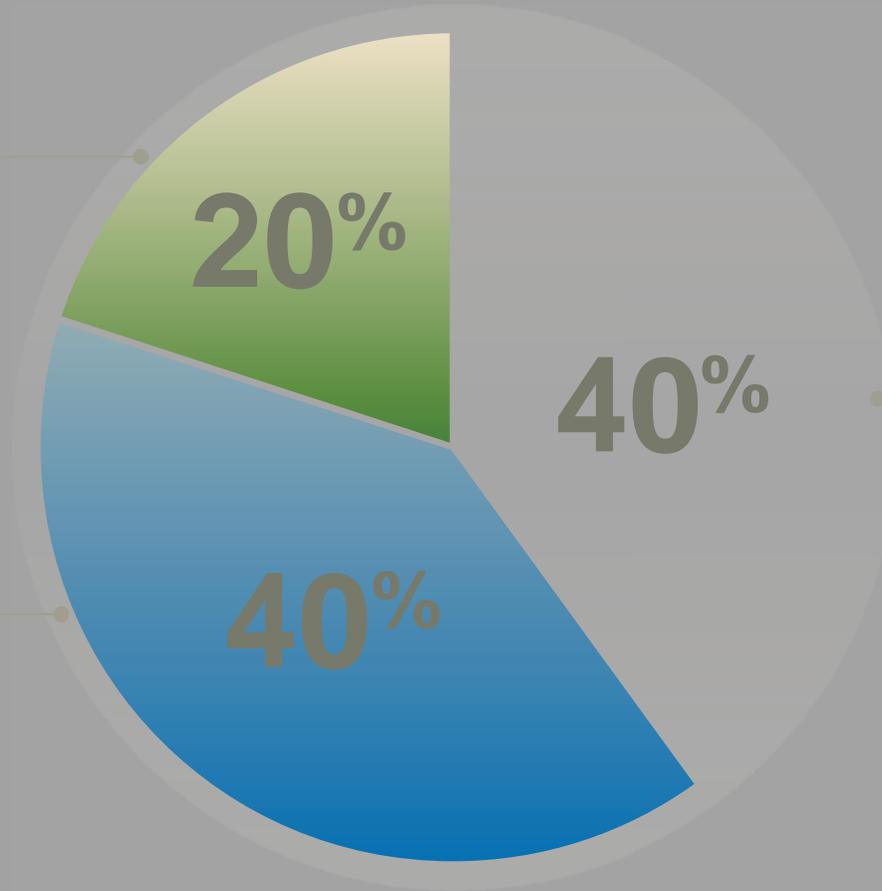
20%

Townhouses

40%

40%

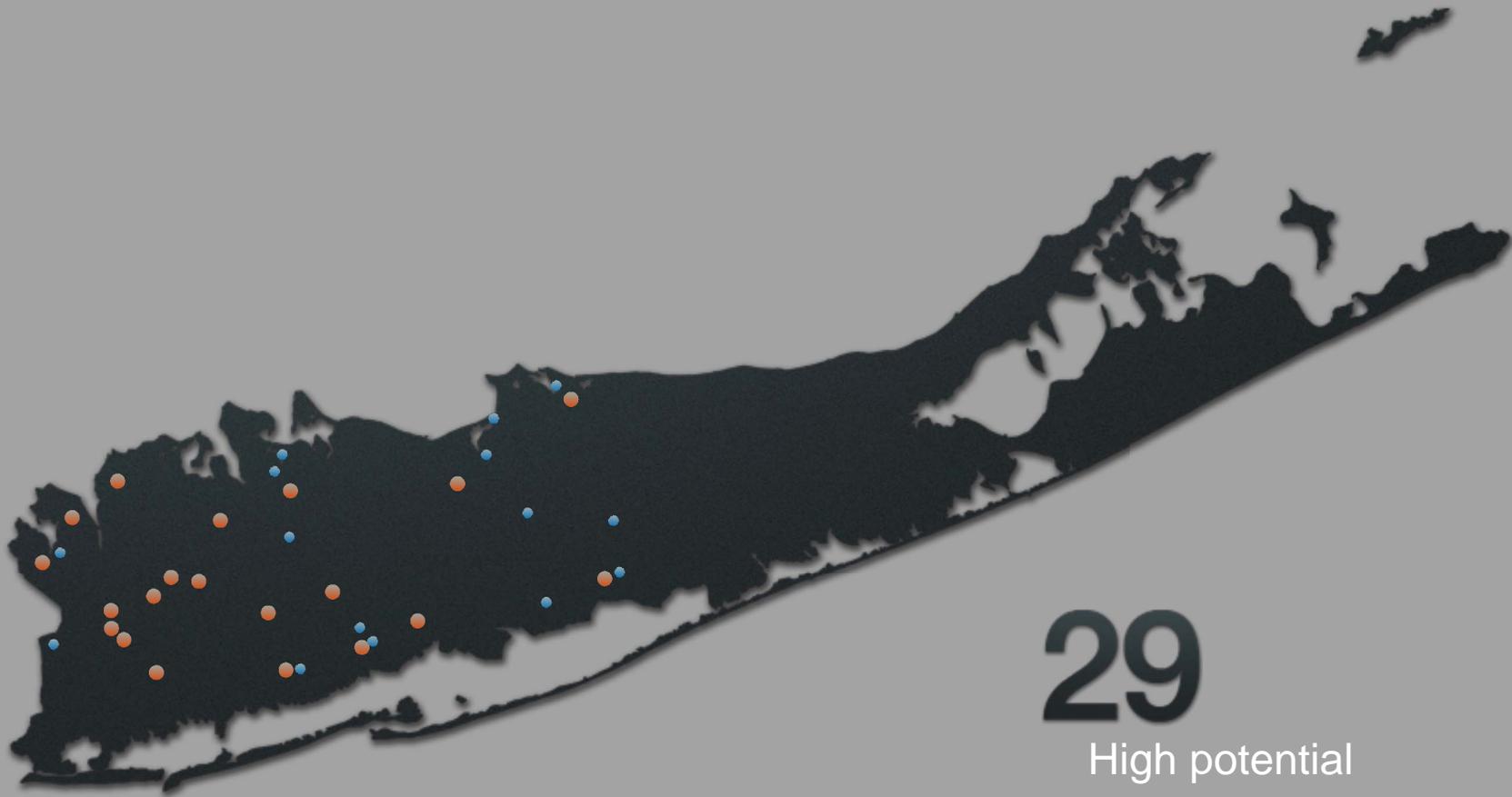
Garden
Apartments



90k 20k Townhomes HOMES

30k
Mid-rise Apts

All of our open space
or
40k
Over 1/2 of downtown Apts.
and vacant areas



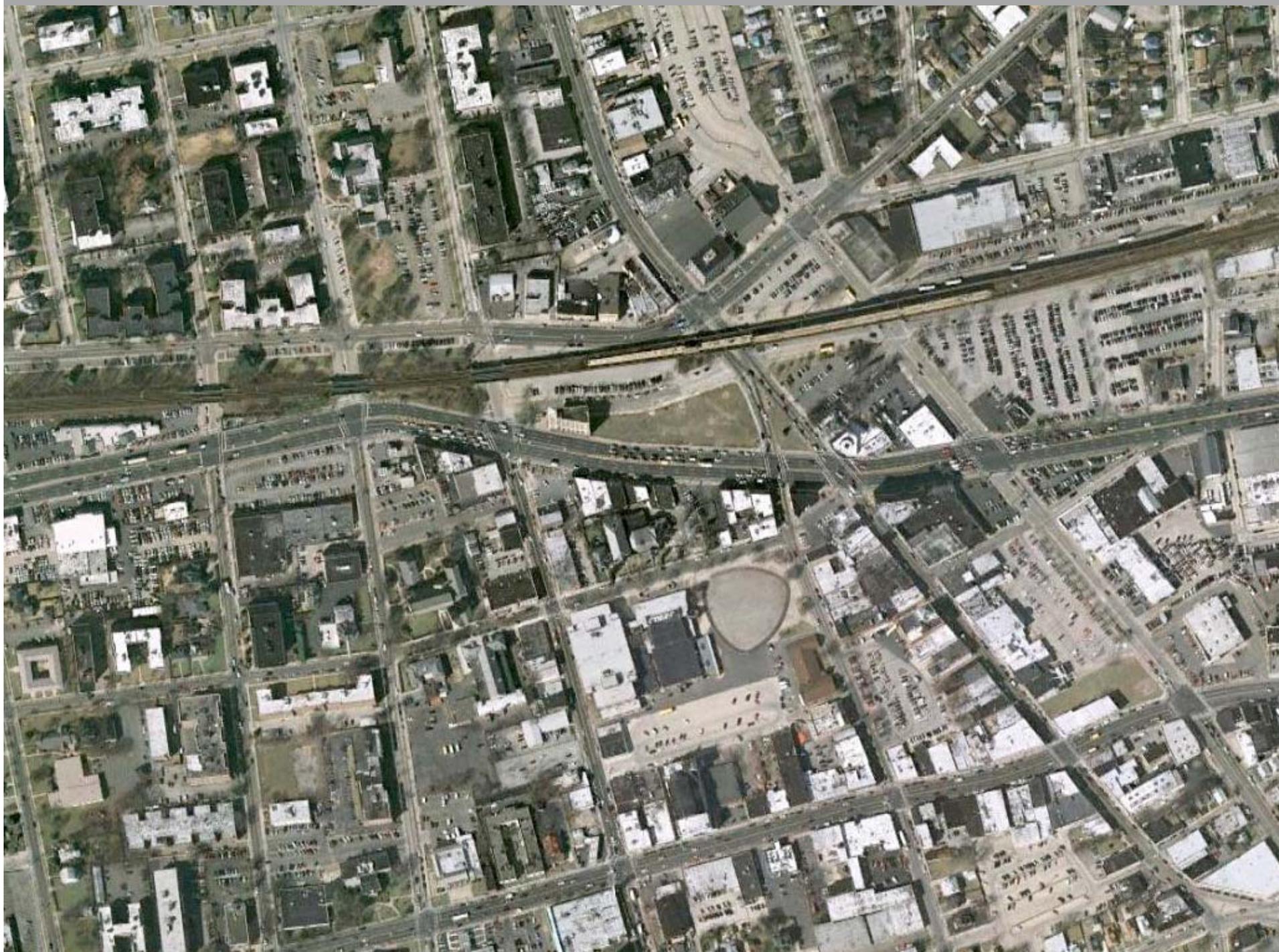
29

High potential

31

Moderate potential

FREEPORT, NY



FREEPORT, NY



FREEPORT, NY



FREEPORT, NY



